STN-Structure Search

# 10/705,173

# => d ibib abs hitstr 1-34

ANSWER 1 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:79267 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:164226

TITLE: ABC transporter-based methods for the identification

and use of compounds suitable for the treatment of

drug-resistant cancer cells

INVENTOR(S): Szakacs, Gergely; Annereau, Jean-Phillipe; Lababidi,

Samir; Gottesman, Michael M.; Weinstein, John

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): United States Dept. of Health and Human Services, NIH,

USA

PCT Int. Appl., 99 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENŢ NO.	KIND I	DATE	APPLICAT		DATE
WO 2006009765	A2 2	20060126	WO 2005-T	JS21253	20050616
WO 2006009765	A3 2	20060511			
W: AE, AG, AL	, AM, AT,	AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG,	BR, BW, BY,	BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO, CR	, CU, CZ,	DE, DK,	DM, DZ, EC,	EE, EG, ES,	FI, GB, GD,
GE, GH, GM	, HR, HU,	ID, IL,	IN, IS, JP,	KE, KG, KM,	KP, KR, KZ,
LC, LK, LR	, LS, LT,	LU, LV,	MA, MD, MG,	MK, MN, MW,	MX, MZ, NA,
					SE, SG, SK,
SL, SM, SY	, TJ, TM,	TN, TR,	TT, TZ, UA,	UG, US, UZ,	VC, VN, YU,
ZA, ZM, ZW					
RW: AT, BE, BG	CH, CY,	CZ, DE,	DK, EE, ES,	FI, FR, GB,	GR, HU, IE,
IS, IT, LT	, LU, MC,	NL, PL,	PT, RO, SE,	SI, SK, TR,	BF, BJ, CF,
CG, CI, CM	, GA, GN,	GQ, GW,	ML, MR, NE,	SN, TD, TG,	BW, GH, GM,
KE, LS, MW	, MZ, NA,	SD, SL,	SZ, TZ, UG,	ZM, ZW, AM,	AZ, BY, KG,
KZ, MD, RU	, TJ, TM				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2004-580397P P 20040618 US 2004-602640P 20040819

#### OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 144:164226

The invention relates to ABC transporter-based methods for the identification of compds. useful for the treatment of drug resistance, and to treatment methods using the identified compds.

IT 156813-02-4, NSC 352299

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (ABC transporter-based methods for identification and use of compds. for treatment of drug-resistant cancer cells)

RN 156813-02-4 CAPLUS

CN 6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 2,5,11-trimethyl-, methanesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 69467-91-0 CMF C18 H17 N2

CRN 16053-58-0 CMF C H3 O3 S

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:1211468 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:452926

TITLE:

Use of morphinane derivative opioid receptor

antagonists for the prevention and/or treatment of diseases associated with the target calcineurin

Schmidhammer, Helmut

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Alcasynn Pharmaceuticals G.m.b.H., Austria

Eur. Pat. Appl., 34 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	<b>TENT</b>	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D	ATE		
						_									_			
EP	1595	541			A1		2005	1116		EP 2	004-	1129	3		2	0040	512	
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	PL.	SK.	HR
WO	2005	1077	52		A2		2005	1117	- 1	WO 2	005-	EP51	76 <sup>°</sup>	•	2	0050	512	
	2005																	
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	
							LU,											
							PG,											
		SL,	SM,	SY,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	ŪĠ,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU.	
			ZM,										•	•	•	•		
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	ΜZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	
		ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	
		.EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΗU,	ΙE,	IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	
		RO,	SE,	SI,	sĸ,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	
					TD,							-	•	•		•	•	
	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:								1	EP 20	004-3	11293	3	1	A 20	0409	512	
OTHER SO	HER SOURCE(S):				MARI	PAT	143:4	15292	26									
						_												

Morphinane derivs. (Markush included), and their pharmaceutically

acceptable salts, are provided for use as medicaments for the treatment and/or prevention of disorders associated with the target calcineurin. Preparation of compds. of the invention is included.

IT 209471-22-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(morphinane derivative opioid receptor antagonist compds. for prevention and/or treatment of diseases associated with the target calcineurin)

RN 209471-22-7 CAPLUS

CN 4,8-Methanobenzofuro[2,3-a]pyrido[4,3-b]carbazol-1-ol,

5,6,7,8;8a,9,14,14b-octahydro-14b-methyl-7-(2-propenyl)-8a-propoxy-, (4bR,8R,8aS,14bR)-, monomethanesulfonate (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 173782-78-0 CMF C29 H32 N2 O3

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

8

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:330451 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:441752

TITLE:

Inverse agonism and neutral antagonism at wild-type

and constitutively active mutant delta opioid

receptors

AUTHOR (S):

Tryoen-Toth, P.; Decaillot, F. M.; Filliol, D.; Befort, K.; Lazarus, L. H.; Schiller, P. W.;

Schmidhammer, H.; Kieffer, B. L.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institut de Genetique et de Biologie Moleculaire et

Cellulaire, Centre National de la Recherche

Scientifique/Institut National de la Sante et de la Recherche Medicale/Universite Louis Pasteur, Illkirch,

Fr.

SOURCE: Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics

(2005), 313(1), 410-421

CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-3565

PUBLISHER: American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental

Therapeutics

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB The delta opioid receptor modulates nociceptive and emotional behaviors. This receptor has been shown to exhibit measurable spontaneous activity. Progress in understanding the biol. relevance of this activity has been slow, partly due to limited characterization of compds. with intrinsic neg. activity. Here, we have used constitutively active mutant (CAM) delta receptors in two different functional assays, guanosine 5'-O-(3-thio)triphosphate binding and a reporter gene assay, to test potential inverse agonism of 15 delta opioid compds., originally described as antagonists. These include the classical antagonists naloxone, naltrindole, 7-benzylidene-naltrexone, and naltriben, a new set of naltrindole derivs., H-Tyr-Tic-Phe-Phe-OH (TIPP) and H-Tyr-TicΨ[CH2N]Cha-Phe-OH [TICP(Ψ)], as well as three 2',6'-dimethyltyrosine-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline-3-carboxylate (Dmt-Tic) peptides. A reference agonist, SNC 80 [(+)-4-[( $\alpha$ R)- $\alpha$ -((2S,5R)-4-Allyl-2,5-dimethyl-1-piperazinyl)-3-methoxybenzyl]-N,N-diethylbenzamide], and inverse agonist, ICI 174864 (N, N-diallyl-Tyr-Aib-Aib-Phe-Leu), were also included. In a screen using wild-type and CAM M262T delta receptors, naltrindole (NTI) and close derivs. were mostly inactive, and TIPP behaved as an agonist, whereas Dmt-Tic-OH and N,N(CH3)2-Dmt-TiC-NH2 showed inverse agonism. The two latter compds. showed neg. activity across 27 CAM receptors, suggesting that this activity was independent from the activation mechanism. These two compds. also exhibited nanomolar potencies in dose-response expts. performed on wild-type, M262T, Y308H, and C328R CAM receptors. TICP( $\Psi$ ) exhibited strong inverse agonism at the Y308H receptor. We conclude that the stable N,N(CH3)2-Dmt-Tic-NH2 compound represents a useful tool to explore the spontaneous activity of delta receptors, and NTI and novel derivs. behave as neutral antagonists. IT 851232-08-1, HS 414

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)

(inverse agonism and neutral antagonism at wild-type and constitutively active mutant delta opioid receptors)

RN 851232-08-1 CAPLUS

CN 4,8-Methanobenzofuro[2,3-a]pyrido[4,3-b]carbazol-1-ol, 8a-ethoxy-5,6,7,8,8a,9,14,14b-octahydro-7-(2-propenyl)-, (4bS,8R,8aS,14bR)-, monomethanesulfonate (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 400822-21-1 CMF C27 H28 N2 O3

Absolute stereochemistry.

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

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REFERENCE COUNT:

39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:430801 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:7022

TITLE:

Preparation of pyrido[4,3-b] carbazole as G-protein

coupled receptor modulators for treatment of eating

disorders

INVENTOR(S):

Chen, Xi; Chen, Xiaoqi; Fan, Pingchen; Jaen, Juan; Li,

Leping; Mihalic, Jeffrey T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Tularik Inc., USA

PCT Int. Appl., 107 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

		-			KIN		DATE					ION I			D.	ATE		
	2004														2	0031	106	
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	
		GH,	GM,	HR,	ΗU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	
		LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	
		OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	TJ,	TM,	
		TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	ŲΑ,	ŪĠ,	UΖ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW				
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪĠ,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	
		BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	
		ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	
		·TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG
CA	2505	372			AA		2004	0527		CA 2	003-	2505	372		2	0031	106	
AU	2003	2851	60		A1		2004	0603		AU 2	003-	2851	60		2	0031	106	
US	2004	1475	38		<b>A1</b>		2004	0729	•	US 2	003-	7051	73		2	0031	106	
EP	1562	943			A1		2005	0817		EP 2	003-	7794	83		2	0031	106	
	·R:	ΑT,	ΒĒ,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK		
BR	2003	0160	70		Α		2005	0927		BR 2	003-	1607	)		2	0031	106	
	1735						2006	0215		CN 2	003-	8010	3222		2	0031	106	
JP	2006	5081	30		T2		2006	0309	1	JP 2	004-	5518′	72		2	0031	106	
NO	2005	0026	55		Α		2005	0726	]	NO 2	005-	2655			2	0050	602	
PRIORITY	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:					1	JS 2	002-	4244	56P	]	P 2	0021	106				
									1	WO 2	003-1	JS35	543	1	W 2	0031	106	
OTHER SC	TIRCE	(S) ·			MADI	ידי ב	141.	7022										

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:7022

GI

$$(R^{1})_{n} \xrightarrow{R^{2}}_{R} \xrightarrow{H}_{R} Q$$

$$R = -L^{1} \xrightarrow{X}_{L^{2}-Z}$$

AB The title compds. I  $\{Ar = single \text{ or fused (hetero) aryl ring; } Q = -N(R) - or$ -N(R)-(C1-C3) alkylene; L1 = a bond, (C1-C4) alkylene, (C1-C4) alkylenoxy, (C1-C4) alkylenamino; L2 = a bond, (C1-C4) alkylene, (C2-C4) alkenylene, (C2-C4) alkynylene, (C1-C4) alkylenoxy, or (C1-C4) alkylenamino; X, Y = (C1-C8) alkyl, (C2-C8) alkenyl, (C2-C8) alkynyl, -CO2R11, -C(O) NR11R12 or optionally X, Y may be combined to form a 3-7 membered ring containing 0-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O, S; Z = -OR13, (substituted) amino, -C(0)R13, -CO2R13, etc.; R1 = halo, (C1-C8)alkyl, (C2-C8)alkenyl, (C2-C8) alkynyl, fluoro(C1-C4) alkyl, etc.; R2, R3 = H, halo, (C1-C8) alkyl, (C2-C8) alkenyl, (C2-C8) alkynyl, fluoro (C1-C4) alkyl, etc.; R4 = H, -OR14, -C(0)R14, -CO2R14, -C(0)NR14R15, -CN, (C1-C4)alkyl, or aryl; R5 = H, (C1-C8) alkyl; R11, R12, R13, R14, R15 = H, (C1-C8) alkyl, (C2-C8) alkenyl, (C2-C8)alkynyl, cyclo(C3-C6)alkyl, etc.] were prepared as G-protein coupled receptor modulators for the treatment and/or prevention of eating disorders, obesity, anxiety disorders and mood disorders. For example, reaction of (4aR,11R,11aS) 2,3,4,4a,5,6,11,11a-octahydro-11-methyl-9-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrido[4,3-b]carbazole (preparation given) with 4-(2-oxo-ethyl)-tetrahydropyran-4-carboxylic acid Me ester afforded compound II. In vitro and in vivo assay methods for the MCHR modulatory activity were provided. IT 693823-81-3P 693823-93-7P 693823-96-0P

II

693823-97-1P 693824-04-3P 693824-05-4P
693824-08-7P 693824-12-3P 693824-15-6P
693824-16-7P 693824-17-8P 693824-18-9P
693824-22-5P 693824-43-0P 693824-44-1P
693824-45-2P 693824-60-1P 693824-65-6P
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of pyrido[4,3-b]carbazole derivs. as G-protein coupled receptor modulators)

RN 693823-81-3 CAPLUS

CN

Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[tetrahydro-4-[2-[(4aR,11R,11aS)-1,3,4,4a,5,6,11,11a-octahydro-11-methyl-9-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]carbazol-2-yl]ethyl]-2H-pyran-4-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:737412 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Preparation of pyrido[4,3-b] carbazole as G-protein coupled receptor modulators for treatment of eating

disorders.

139:261279

INVENTOR (S):

Chen, Xiaoqi; Fan, Pingchen; Jaen, Juan; Li, Leping; Lizarzaburu, Mike; Mihalic, Jeffrey Thomas;

Shuttleworth, Stephen Joseph

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Tularik Inc., USA

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 23 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 138,279.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	AP	PLICATION NO.		DATE
		'				
US 2003176694	A1	20030918	US	2002-289933		20021106
US 6809104	B2	20041026				
US 2003023085	A1	20030130	US	2002-138279		20020503
US 6858619	B2	20050222				
US 2005148617	A1	20050707	US	2004-928029		20040826
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		•	US	2001-288665P	P	20010504
•			US	2002-138279	A2	20020503
			WO	2002-US13856	A2	20020503
			US	2002-289933	A1	20021106
OTHER COIDCE/C).	MADDAM	120.261270				

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 139:261279

GI

$$(R^{1})_{n} \xrightarrow{I} \qquad \qquad \qquad N-L-N < R^{18}$$

$$R^{19}$$

$$R^{20}$$

AB Title fused ring heterocycles I [wherein L = a bond or alkylene; R1 = independently halo, (fluoro)alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, OR5, SR5, fluoroalkoxy, aryl(alkyl), NO2, NR5R6, COR5, CONR5R6, NR6COR5, NR6CO2R5, NR7CONR5R6, SOmNR5R6, SOmR5, CN, or NR6SOmR5; R2 = halo, (fluoro)alkenyl, alkynyl, OR8, SR8, fluoroalkoxy, aryl(alkyl), NO2, NR8R9, =O, COR8, CO2R8, CONR8R9, NR9COR8, NR9CO2R8, NR10CONR8R9, SOmNR8R9, SOmR8, CN, or NR9SOmR11; R4 = H, OR11, COR11, CO2R11, CONR11R12, CN, alkyl, or aryl; R5-R14 = independently H, (fluoro)alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroaryl, or aryl(alkyl); R18 and R19 = independently H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, CO2R13, SO2R13, CONR13R14, SO2R13R14, or alkylene-CO2R13; or NR18R19 = heterocyclyl; R20 = H or alkyl; m = 1-2; n = 0-2; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, hydrates, solvates, or prodrugs thereof] were prepared Thus, cycloaddn. of 1-methyl-4-piperidone with 3-penten-2-one in the presence of NaH in ether provided (cis)-1,3,4,7,8,8a-hexahydro-2,8dimethyl-6(2H)-isoquinolinone. The enone was hydrogenated using Pd/C and the resulting ketone condensed with 4-(trifluoromethyl)phenylhydrazine in the presence of H2SO4 in MeOH to give II. I and their pharmaceutical compns. are useful as G-protein coupled receptor modulators, especially neuropeptide melanin-concentrating hormone receptor (MCHR) modulators, in the treatment and/or prevention of eating disorders, obesity, anxiety disorders, and mood disorders (no data).

I

IT 475115-87-8P 475115-88-9P 602308-31-6P 602308-32-7P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(MCHR modulator; preparation of pyrido[4,3-b]carbazole G-protein coupled receptor modulators for treatment of eating disorders, obesity, anxiety disorders, and mood disorders)

RN 475115-87-8 CAPLUS CN 1H-Pyrido (4.3-b) carl

1H-Pyrido[4,3-b] carbazole, 2-[3-(1,1-dioxido-4-thiomorpholinyl)propyl]2,3,4,4a,5,6,11,11a-octahydro-11-methyl-9-(trifluoromethyl)-,
(4aR,11R,11aS)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 475115-88-9 CAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-methyl-N-[3-[(4aR,11R,11aS)-1,3,4,4a,5,6,11,11a-octahydro-11-methyl-9-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]carbazol-2-yl]propyl]-, monohydrochloride, rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

● HCl

RN 602308-31-6 CAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[3-[(4aR,11R,11aR)-1,3,4,4a,5,6,11,11a-octahydro-11-methyl-9-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]carbazol-2-yl]propyl]-, rel-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 602308-32-7 CAPLUS

CN Sulfamide, N-ethyl-N-[2-[(4aR,11R,11aS)-1,3,4,4a,5,6,11,11a-octahydro-11-methyl-9-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]carbazol-2-yl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

47

ANSWER 6 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:868682 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

REFERENCE COUNT:

137:369967

TITLE:

Preparation of fused indole derivatives as MCHR

modulators for treatment of obesity

INVENTOR(S):

Chen, Xiaoqi; Dai, Kang; Fan, Pingchen; Huang, Shugui;

THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

Li, Leping; Mihalic, Jeffrey Thomas

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Tularik Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 61 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.							DATE			APPL	ICAT:	ION 1	NO.		D	ATE	
	WO	2002	0897	29		A2		2002	1114	1	WO 2	002-1	US13	856		20	0020	503
	WO	2002	0897:	29		A3		2003	0403									
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
												EE,						
			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ.	LC,	LK.	LR.
			LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN.	MW,	MX.	MZ.	NO.	NZ.	OM.	PH.
			PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE.	SG.	si.	sĸ.	SL,	TJ.	TM.	TN.	TR.	TT.	TZ.
								YŪ,				,	,	,	,	,	,	,
		RW:										TZ,	UG.	ZM.	ZW.	AM.	A7.	BY.
			KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM.	AT.	BE.	CH.	CY,	DE.	DK.	ES.	FT.	FR.	GB.
			GR.	IE.	IT.	LU.	MC.	NL.	PT.	SE.	TR.	BF,	B.T.	CF.	CG.	CT.	CM	GD,
								NE,				2.,	20,	O1 ,		C1,	CIT	OA,
	CA	2446										002-1	2446	351		20	1020	503
		1392															0020	
												IT,						
		π.						RO,					пт,	щ,	МL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
	TD	2004											- 0 - 0			-		
		2004															0205	
PRIOR		2005				AI		20050	3/0/								0408	
PRIOR	.111	APP	LIN.	LNFO	. :							001-2					0105	
		•										002-3					0205	
												002-t					0205	
		·	<i>(~</i> )								JS 2	002-2	28993	33	P	1 20	0211	.06
OTHER	50	URCE	(S):			MARI	PAT	137:3	36996	57								

GI

$$(R^1)_n \xrightarrow{Ar} V \xrightarrow{R^2} A \xrightarrow{R^2} Z$$

$$R^3 \xrightarrow{R^4} I$$

AB Title compds. I [A, B = CR', N; R' = H, alkyl, arylalkyl, acyl, carboxy, etc.; V = O, S, CO, etc.; W = O, S, CO, CS, etc.; Z = amino, alkylene, etc.; R1 = H, halo, alkyl, perfluoroalkyl, alkoxy, thioalkoxy, etc.; R2-3 = H, alkoxy, oxo, CN, alkyl, aryl, etc.; R4 = H, alkoxy, acyl, carboxy, carboxamido, CN, alkyl, aryl, etc.; n = 0-8] were prepared Fifteen example compds. were disclosed. For instance, 1-methyl-4-piperidone and 3-penten-2-one were reacted (Et2O, NaH, 0°) to yield a bicyclic enone which was reduced (EtOH, H2-Pd/C, 2.5 days) and the product condensed with 4-(trifluoromethyl)phenylhydrazine (MeOH, H2SO4, 80°, 2 h) to afford II. I are MCH receptor (MCHR) modulators and are useful in the treatment of obesity, anxiety and mood disorders. IT 475115-81-2P 475115-83-4P 475115-86-7P 475115-87-8P 475115-88-9P RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES

II

(preparation of substituted tetracyclic fused indole derivs. as MCHR modulators)

RN 475115-81-2 CAPLUS

CN

1H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazole, 8,9-dichloro-2-[2-(1,1-dioxido-4-thiomorpholinyl)ethyl]-2,3,4,4a,5,6,11,11a-octahydro-11-methyl-, (4aR,11R,11aS)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 475115-83-4 CAPLUS
CN Methanesulfonamide, N-methyl-N-[3-[(4aR,11R,11aS)-1,3,4,4a,5,6,11,11a-octahydro-11-methyl-9-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]carbazol-2-yl]propyl]-, rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 475115-86-7 CAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[3-[(4aR,11R,11aS)-1,3,4,4a,5,6,11,11a-octahydro-11-methyl-9-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]carbazol-2-yl]propyl]-, rel-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 475115-87-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazole, 2-[3-(1,1-dioxido-4-thiomorpholinyl)propyl]-2,3,4,4a,5,6,11,11a-octahydro-11-methyl-9-(trifluoromethyl)-, (4aR,11R,11aS)-rel-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 475115-88-9 CAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-methyl-N-[3-[(4aR,11R,11aS)-1,3,4,4a,5,6,11,11a-octahydro-11-methyl-9-(trifluoromethyl)-2H-pyrido[4,3-b]carbazol-2-yl]propyl]-, monohydrochloride, rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

### HCl

L6 ANSWER 7 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:827072 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:56114

TITLE: Synthesis and Biological Evaluation of

14-Alkoxymorphinans. 17. Highly  $\delta$  Opioid

Receptor Selective 14-Alkoxy-Substituted Indolo- and

Benzofuromorphinans

AUTHOR(S): Schuetz, Johannes; Dersch, Christina M.; Horel,

Robert; Spetea, Mariana; Koch, Martin; Meditz, Ruth; Greiner, Elisabeth; Rothman, Richard B.; Schmidhammer,

Helmut

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Institute of

Pharmacy, University of Innsbruck, Innsbruck, A-6020,

Austria

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2002), 45(24),

5378-5383

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:56114

NR1
OR2
R40
OR3

PUBLISHER:

I

AB 14-Alkoxy analogs of naltrindole and naltriben differently substituted in positions 5 and 17 and at the indole nitrogen [compds. I (R1 = CPM, R2 = CH2Et, R3 = R4 = H, X = NCH2Et; R1 = allyl, R2 = Me, R3 = R4 = H, X = NMe; R1 = CH2Et, R2 = Me, R3 = R4 = H, X = NMe; R1 = R2 = allyl, R3 = R4 = H, X = N-allyl; R1 = allyl, R2 = CH2C6H2Cl-2, R3 = R4 = H, X = NCH2C6H2Cl-2; R1 = CHM, R2 = Me, R3 = R4 = H, X = NH; R1 = CPM, R2 = Et, R3 = R4 = H, X = O; R1 = Me, R2 = CH2Et, R3 = Me, R4 = H, X = NH; R1 = Me, R2 = isoamyl, R3 = Me, R4 = H, X = NH; R1 = CPM, R2 = CH2Et, R3 = Me, R4 = H, X = NH; R1 = CPM, R2 = Et, R3 = R4 = H, X = NH; R1 = CPM, R2 = Et, R3 = R4 = H, X = NH; R1 = CPM, R2 = Et, R3 = R4 = H, X = NH; R1 = CPM, R2 = Et, R3 = R4 = H, X = NH; R1 = CPM, R2 = Et, R3 = R4 = H, X = NH; R1 = CPM, R3 = R4 = H, X = NH; R1 = CPM, R3 = R4 = H, X = NH; R1 =

CRN 1493-13-6 C H F3 O3 S CMF

REFERENCE COUNT:

44 THERE ARE 44 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 8 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1998:408104 CAPLUS 129:81878

TITLE:

Synthesis and biological evaluation of

14-alkoxymorphinans. Part 15. Novel  $\delta$ -opioid receptor antagonists with high affinity and selectivity in the 14-alkoxy-substituted

indolomorphinan series

AUTHOR (S):

Schmidhammer, Helmut; Krassnig, Roland; Greiner,

Elisabeth; Schuetz, Johannes; White, Angela;

Berzetei-Gurske, Ilona P.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Inst. Pharmaceutical Chem., Univ. Innsbruck,

Innsbruck, A-6020, Austria

SOURCE:

Helvetica Chimica Acta (1998), 81(6), 1064-1069

CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X Verlag Helvetica Chimica Acta AG

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: GI

English

AB The indolomorphinans I (X = CH2, R = Me, R1 = H; X = CH2, R = Et, R1 = H; X = CH2, R = R1 = Me; X = bond, R = Pr. R1 = Me) were prepared from the corresponding morphinan-6-ones via Fischer indole synthesis. Compds. I (X = CH2, R = Me, R1 = H; X = CH2, R = Et, R1 = H) exhibited higher antagonist potency at  $\delta$ -opioid receptors in the mouse vas deferens preparation than the reference drug HS 378, while I (X = CH2, R = R1 = Me; X = bond,

R = Pr, R1 = Me) were less potent.

IT 209471-22-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of alkoxy-substituted indolomorphinan as  $\delta$ -opioid receptor antagonists)

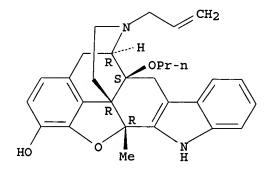
RN 209471-22-7 CAPLUS

CN 4,8-Methanobenzofuro[2,3-a]pyrido[4,3-b]carbazol-1-ol, 5,6,7,8,8a,9,14,14b-octahydro-14b-methyl-7-(2-propenyl)-8a-propoxy-, (4bR,8R,8aS,14bR)-, monomethanesulfonate (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 173782-78-0 CMF C29 H32 N2 O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

L6 ANSWER 9 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:20174 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:149200

TITLE: Pyrrolooctahydroisoquinolines as potent and selective

δ opioid receptor ligands: SAR analysis and

docking studies

AUTHOR(S): Dondio, Giulio; Ronzoni, Silvano; Petrillo, Paola;

Desjarlais, Renee L.; Raveglia, Luca F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: SmithKline Beecham S.p.A., Milan, 20021, Italy SOURCE:

Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (1997),

7(23), 2967-2972

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

Elsevier Science Ltd. PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Structure Activity Relationship and docking studies focused on the role of

the non-aromatic  $\delta$  address in a novel class of potent and selective

 $\delta$  ligands, pyrrolooctahydroisoquinolines, are discussed.

163220-08-4 IT

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL

(Biological study); PROC (Process)

(pyrrolooctahydroisoquinolines as potent and selective  $\delta$  opioid receptor ligands and structure activity anal. and docking studies)

163220-08-4 CAPLUS RN

1H-Pyrrolo[2,3-g]isoquinoline-2-carbothioamide, N,N,6-triethyl-CN

4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a,9-octahydro-8a-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-3-methyl-, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 10 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:549379 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:162011

TITLE: Preparation of heterocycle-condensed morphinoid

derivatives for use as analgesics

Dondio, Giulio; Ronzoni, Silvano; Gatti, Pier Andrea; INVENTOR(S):

Graziani, Davide

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham S.P.A., Italy; Dondio, Giulio;

Ronzoni, Silvano; Gatti, Pier Andrea; Graziani, Davide

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATEN	T NO.			KIN	D	DATE		1	APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D	ATE	
					-									-		
WO 97	25331			A1		1997	0717	1	WO 1	997-	EP12	0		1:	9970	108
W	: AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,
						GE,										
						LV,										
						SI,										

monohydrochloride, [8R-(4bS\*,8 $\alpha$ ,8a $\beta$ ,12b $\beta$ )]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

● HCl

RN 193613-25-1 CAPLUS

CN 4,8-Methanobenzofuro[3,2-e]pyrrolo[2,3-g]isoquinoline-11-carbothioamide,
5,6,7,8,8a,9,12,12b-octahydro-1-methoxy-7,10-dimethyl-N,N-bis(1methylethyl)-, [8R-(4bS\*,8α,8aβ,12bβ)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:81104 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:157679

TITLE: Synthesis and antitumor activity of quaternary salts

of 2-(2'-oxoalkoxy)-9-hydroxyellipticines

AUTHOR(S): Harada, Naoyuki; Kawaguchi, Takayuki; Inoue, Isao;

Ohashi, Motoaki; Oda, Kouji; Hashiyama, Tomiki;

Tsujihara, Kenji

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lead Optimization Res. Lab., Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd.,

Saitama, 335, Japan

PUBLISHER:

SOURCE: Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1997), 45(1),

134-137

CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363 Pharmaceutical Society of Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

GI

AB Various kinds of water-soluble quaternary salts of 2-(2'-oxoalkoxy)-9-hydroxyellipticines were synthesized in a search for compds. with potent antitumor activity and low toxicity. Some compds. exhibited more potent antitumor activities than elliptinium and SUN 4599. In particular, 2-(3'-methoxy-2'-oxopropanoxy)-9-hydroxy-5,11-dimethyl-6H-pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium bromide (I) showed potent antitumor activities against P388 leukemia [increase of life span (ILS) 69.2%], colon 26 (94.1% inhibition), and Lewis lung carcinoma (ILS 45.1%).

IT 153532-65-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis and antitumor activity of (oxoalkoxy)hydroxyellipticine quaternary salts)

RN 153532-65-1 CAPLUS

CN 6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 9-hydroxy-5,11-dimethyl-2-[2-oxo-2-(2-thienyl)ethoxy]-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & Me \\
 & H \\
 & N \\
 & C \\$$

● Br-

REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 12 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:121086 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:176606

TITLE: Preparation of morphinan agonists

INVENTOR(S): Schmidhammer, Helmut

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Astra AB, Swed.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

GΙ

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION :	NO.		D	ATE		
						-									-			
WC	9531	464			A1		1995	1123		WO 1	995-	SE50	4		1	9950	509	
	W:	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	
		GB,	GE,	ΗŲ,	ıs,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LK,	LR,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	
		MG,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	ТJ,	
		TM,	TT															
	RW:	ΚE,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	AT,	BE,	CH,	DΕ,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	
		LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	
			TD,															
ZA	9503	699			A		1995	1120		ZA 1	995-	3699			1	9950	508	
CA	2189	139			AA		1995	1123		CA 1	995-	2189	139		1	9950	509	
AU	9525	818			A1		1995	1205		AU 1	995-	2581	8		1	9950	509	
AU	6902	81			B2		1998	0423										
EF	7599	23			A1		1997	0305		EP 1	995-	9203	29		1	9950	509	
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LI,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE
CN	1152	314			A		1997	0618		CN 1	995-	1940	32		1	9950	509	
BR	9507	656			A		1997	0923		BR 1	995-	7656			1	9950	509	
JF	1050	0132			T2		1998	0106		JP 1	995-	5295	54		1	9950	509	
US	5886	001			Α		1999	0323		US 1	995-	5073	65		1	9950	822	
FI	9604	576			A		1996	1115										
NC	9604	871			Α		1996	1115		NO 1	996-	4871			1:	9961	115	
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :						SE 1	994-	1727		1	A 1	9940	518	
									1	WO 1	995-	SE50	4	1	W 1	9950	509	
OTHER S	OURCE	(S):			MAR	TAG	124:	1766	06									

The morphinan derivs. I (R = alkenyl, cycloalkylalkyl, cycloalkenylalkyl, arylalkyl, arylalkenyl; R1 = H, OH, alkoxy, alkenyloxy, arylalkyloxy, arylalkenyloxy, alkanoyloxy, arylalkanoyloxy; R2 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, arylalkyl, arylalkenyl; R3 = H, OH, alkoxy, arylalkyloxy, alkanoyloxy, arylalkanoyloxy, alkyloxyalkoxy; R4, R5 = OH, alkoxy, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, halo, nitro, cyano, thiocyantoamino, substituted amino, SH, alkoxycarbonyl, etc.; X = O, S, CH:CH, NH, substituted imino), and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, were prepared Thus, 14-ethoxymetopon was treated with phenylhydrazine-HCl in AcOH to give 24% 6,7-dehydro-4,5-epoxy-14-ethoxy-3-hydroxy-5,17-dimethyl-6,7-2',3'-indolomorphinan.

IT 173683-03-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of morphinan agonists)

RN 173683-03-9 CAPLUS

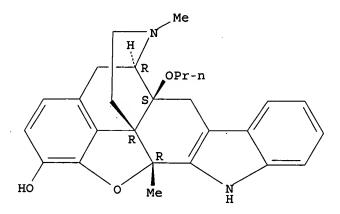
CN 4,8-Methanobenzofuro[2,3-a]pyrido[4,3-b]carbazol-1-ol,

5,6,7,8,8a,9,14,14b-octahydro-7,14b-dimethyl-8a-propoxy-, [8R-(4bR\*,8 $\alpha$ ,8a $\beta$ ,14b $\beta$ )]-, monomethanesulfonate (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 173683-02-8 CMF C27 H30 N2 O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

L6 ANSWER 13 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:575318 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:56354

TITLE: Domino reactions - new concepts in the synthesis of

indole alkaloids and other polycyclic indole

derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Blechert, Siegfried; Knier, Ruth; Schroers, Harald;

Wirth, Thomas

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Organ. Chemie, Technische Univ. Berlin, Berlin,

D-10623, Germany

SOURCE: Synthesis (1995), (5), 592-604

CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881

PUBLISHER: Thieme
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 123:56354

AB 2-Vinylindoles, which are easily accessible via a domino process, are useful synthons for a variety of applications. Subsequent Diels-Alder reactions yield tetrahydrocarbazoles which can be dehydrated to carbazoles such as derivs. of olivacine or ellipticine. Cycloaddns. with enamine intermediates lead to the synthesis of epidasycarpidone.

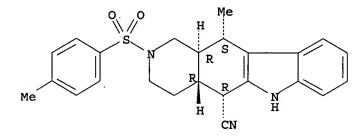
IT 164532-60-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of indole alkaloids and polycyclic indole derivs.)

RN 164532-60-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrido[4,3-b] carbazole-5-carbonitrile, 2,3,4,4a,5,6,11,11a-octahydro-11methyl-2-[(4-methylphenyl) sulfonyl]-, (4aα,5β,11β,11a.beta
.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

# Relative stereochemistry.



L6 ANSWER 14 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:563367 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:314536

TITLE: Preparation of pyrrolohydroisoquinolines as opioid

receptor agonists and antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Dondio, Giulio; Ronzoni, Silvano

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SmithKline Beecham Farmaceutici S.p.A., Italy

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'							DATE			APP	LICAT	ION I	NO.		D.	ATE		
WO	9504	734			A1		1995	0216		WO	1994-	EP23	25		1	9940	714	
	W:	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	BB,	BG	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH	, CN,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	GB,	
		GE,	HU,	JP,	ΚE,	KG.	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LK	, LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MN,	MW,	
		NL,	NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT.	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE	, SI,	SK,	TJ,	TT,	UA,	US,	UZ,	VN
	RW:	KE,	MW,	SD,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES	, FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	
		NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	BJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM	, GA,	GN,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG
CA	2168										1994-							
	9474										1994-							
AU	6905	76			B2		1998											
EP	7124	02			A1		1996	0522		EР	1994-	9247	б4		1:	9940'	714	
							2002											
										GR	, IE,	IT.	LI.	LU.	MC.	NL.	PT.	SE
CN	1132		•	•	A						1994-							
CN	1043	641			В		1999			_			_		_			
	2159						2002	0415		ΑТ	1994-	92476	54		1 '	9940	714	
ES	2173	921			Т3						1994-							
	9405				Α		1995				1994-					9940		
US	5731	322			A		1998	0324			1996-					9604		
PRIORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO.	. :							1993-1							
											1994 -							
											1994-1							
OTHER SO	OURCE	(s):			MARE	ναт	122.	31453									, <u></u> .	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 122:314536

GΙ

(CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

ANSWER 15 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:256471 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:50247

TITLE: DNA affinity of new aminothioloxazolopyridocarbazole

derivatives determined both in vitro and in single

living cells

AUTHOR (S): Jouini, M.; Sureau, F.; Lion, C.; Schwaller, M. A.

Inst. Topologie Dynamique Systemes, Universite CORPORATE SOURCE:

Denis-Diderot, Paris, 75005, Fr.

SOURCE: European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1994),

29(10), 767-72

CODEN: EJMCA5; ISSN: 0223-5234

PUBLISHER: Elsevier DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB New potential DNA radioprotective agents were obtained by coupling an oxazolopyridocarbazole nucleus (NMHE) to simple aminothiol mols. such as cystine, cysteamine and WR2721. The ability of the new adducts to compete with ethidium bromide DNA binding was determined through their IC50 values which ranged between 1.4 and 2.75 + 10-6 mol·dm-3, whereas for aminothiols IC50 ranged between 3 and 6 + 10-3 mol·dm-3. Similarly, the apparent DNA-binding consts. for aminothiol-OPCs were found to be 200-1000 fold higher than for parent mols. The apparent DNA binding consts. of the adducts was strongly influenced by the medium ionic strength, which suggests that ionic interactions occur in the overall binding process. Microspectrofluorometric anal. of drug intracellular localization in SC10 living cells revealed that aminothiol-OPCs were specifically accumulated in the cell nucleus.

IT 160156-66-1 160156-68-3 160156-70-7

160156-72-9

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(DNA affinity of radioprotectant aminothioloxazolopyridocarbazole derivs. in vitro and in single living cells)

RN160156-66-1 CAPLUS

CN 6H-Oxazolo[4,5-g]pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 7,10,12-trimethyl-2-[(phosphonothio)methyl]-, acetate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1 .

CRN 160156-65-0

CMF C20 H19 N3 O4 P S

CMF C23 H26 N4 O4 P S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ \text{Me} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 71-50-1 CMF C2 H3 O2

RN 160156-72-9 CAPLUS

CN 6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 10-[[2-(acetylamino)ethyl]thio]-9-hydroxy-2,5,11-trimethyl-, acetate (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1 ·

CRN 160156-71-8 CMF C22 H24 N3 O2 S

CM 2

CRN 71-50-1 CMF C2 H3 O2

L6 ANSWER 16 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:534540 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

121:134540

TITLE:

Preparation of indolomorphinan derivatives as delta

opioid antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Nagase, Hiroshi; Mizusuna, Akira; Kawai, Koji;

Nakatani, Izumi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toray Industries, Inc., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 123 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	TENT NO.			KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
					19940414	WO 1993-JP1388	19930929
110					, NO, US		19930929
		•	•	•	•	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,	NI. DT CE
FD						EP 1993-921084	
					20030507		19930929
EF						GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, MC,	MT. CF
CN							
CN	1032425			D.	19990623	CN 1993-114196	19930929
AII	672033			B2	19950023	AU 1993-48341	
	9348341						17730929
	239732					AT 1993-921084	19930929
	2199220			T3	20030313		
	2124455			L 2	20040218		
	3605825			B2	20040314		
	9402499			A			
				λ	19940729		
NO	9401977 5852030			Λ.	19981222		
110	6087369			Α. 7\	20000711		
	6291470				20000711		
	APPLN.			ĐΙ	20010918	JP 1992-259841 A	
PRIORIT	APPLIN.	INFO	• •			WO 1993-JP1388 V	
	•						
						WO 1993-JP9188 V	
						US 1994-244198 I	
						US 1996-709835 I	
סקאקט פנ	יווס פור (פו			маррат	121.1345	US 1998-135580 A	72 13380818

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 121:134540 GI

$$R^{1}N$$
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{6}$ 
 $R^{6}$ 
 $R^{1}N$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{6}$ 
 $R^{6}$ 
 $R^{1}N$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{1}N$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{1}N$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{6}$ 
 $R^{1}N$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{1}N$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{6}$ 
 $R^{1}N$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{5}$ 
 $R$ 

AB The title compds. I [R1 represents alkyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; R2 represents hydrogen, hydroxy, alkanoyloxy or alkoxy; R3 represents hydrogen, alkyl, alkanoyl or benzyl; R4 represents hydrogen, alkyl or benzyl; and R5 and R6 represent each independently hydrogen, iodine, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, etc.] are prepared The invention also provides an

II

CRN 156898-80-5 CMF C27 H26 N2 O5

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH_2-CH = CH_2 \\ \hline OH \\ \hline OH \\ \hline HO \\ O \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

ANSWER 17 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

GI

1994:534526 CAPLUS

121:134526

Design and Synthesis of Ellipticinium Salts and

1,2-Dihydroellipticines with High Selectivities

against Human CNS Cancers in vitro

Jurayj, Jurjus; Haugwitz, Rudiger D.; Varma, Ravi K.;

Paull, Kenneth D.; Barrett, John F.; Cushman, Mark School of Pharmacy and Pharmacal Sciences, Purdue

University, West Lafayette, IN, 47907, USA

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1994), 37(14), 2190-7

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

Journal

English

AB 9-Methoxy-2-methylellipticinium acetate (I), and its 9-Me and 9-chloro derivs. have shown remarkable selectivities in vitro against the NCI human CNS cancer subpanel. In order to target these types of compds. to the CNS in vivo, a series of 1,2-dihydroellipticines was synthesized. 9-Methoxy-2-methyl-1,2-dihydroellipticine (II) retained the potency and selectivity of I, but was unstable toward oxidation to I. In order to improve the stability of II, it was converted to the vinylogous amide III by introduction of a formyl group in the 4-position. III proved to be much more stable than II, but it was also less potent than II by about 1 order of magnitude, and it was less selective for the CNS subpanel than II. To overcome the limited water solubilities of the ellipticines and dihydroellipticines, several ellipticine analogs incorporating polar groups on the N-2 nitrogen were prepared The ellipticinium salts IV [X = O,R = H, OMe; X = S, R = H] were relatively potent anticancer agents which displayed cytotoxicity selectivity profiles similar to I. II and its 9-Me analog exhibited potencies approaching that of ellipticine itself in facilitating the formation of a cleavable complex, while the least cytotoxic ellipticine derivs. exhibited no cleavage above background. IT 157061-25-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and antitumor activity of)

RN 157061-25-1 CAPLUS

CN

6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 5,11-dimethyl-2-[(methylsulfinyl)methyl]-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$Me - S - CH_2$$

$$Me$$

$$Me$$

$$Me$$

$$Me$$

$$Me$$

$$Me$$

$$Me$$

● Cl ~

L6 ANSWER 18 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:524587 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:124587

TITLE: Anticancer Specificity of Some Ellipticinium Salts

against Human Brain Tumors in vitro

AUTHOR(S): Acton, Edward M.; Narayanan, Ven L.; Risbood,

Prabhakar A.; Shoemaker, Robert H.; Vistica, David T.;

Boyd, Michael R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Drug Discovery Research Development,

National Cancer Institute, Frederick, MD, 21702-1201,

USA

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1994), 37(14), 2185-9

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

ΔR Novel structure-activity relationships (SAR) distinct from known SAR for ellipticines have been revealed for certain ellipticinium salts. particular, ellipticiniums such as the prototypical 9-methoxy-2methylellipticinium (I- or OAc-) were found to be preferentially cytotoxic to the brain tumor cell line subpanel of the NCI 60 cell-line screening panel. Similar specificity also was apparent with 9-unsubstituted ellipticiniums, or others bearing 9-Me or 9-chloro substituents. contrast, 9-hydroxy-substituted ellipticiniums, as well as all nonquaternized ellipticines tested, were devoid of brain tumor specificity. Therefore, it did not appear that this unusual preference was correlated with the relative availability of redox cycling mechanisms, since redox cycling presumably is blocked in 9-methyl- and 9-chloroellipticiniums. Indeed, related investigations have indicated that the brain tumor specificity is mediated by preferential uptake and intracellular accumulation of the specific ellipticiniums. The present study further supports that the NCI in vitro "disease-oriented" primary screen can facilitate the discovery of novel, selectively cytotoxic leads for in vivo and mechanistic investigations.

IT 156813-02-4

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(brain tumor cells of human inhibition by, structure in relation to)

RN 156813-02-4 CAPLUS

CN 6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 2,5,11-trimethyl-, methanesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 69467-91-0 CMF C18 H17 N2

CM 2

CRN 16053-58-0 CMF C H3 O3 S

L6 ANSWER 19 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:192065 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:192065

TITLE: Preparation of antitumor ellipticine derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Tsujihara, Kenji; Kawaguchi, Takayuki; Inoe, Isao;

Oohashi, Motoaki; Oda, Koji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tanabe Seiyaku Co, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 26 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

Ι

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ---------\_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ -----JP 05310736 **A2** 19931122 JP 1992-113465 19920506 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1992-113465

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 120:192065

GI

AB The title compds. I [ R1 = H, OH, alkoxy, etc.; R2 = (substituted) alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R3 = H, alkyl; X = anion] were prepared as antitumor agents (no data). A mixture of 9-methoxyellipticine-2-oxide and bromoacetone in DMF was stirred at room temperature for 3 h to give 2-(2-oxopropoxy)-9-methoxyellipticinium bromide.

IT 153532-21-9P 153532-32-2P 153532-65-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, as antitumor agent)

RN 153532-21-9 CAPLUS

CN 6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 2,9-dimethoxy-5,11-dimethyl-, methyl sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 153532-20-8 CMF C19 H19 N2 O2

• Br-

ANSWER 20 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1992:255598 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

116:255598

TITLE:

Preparation of indolo[2,3-g]isoquinoline derivatives

as selective  $\delta$ -opioid receptor antagonists

INVENTOR(S):

Nagase, Hiroshi; Mizusuna, Akira; Onoda, Yoshihiro;

Kawai, Koji; Matsumoto, Shu; Endo, Takashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Toray Industries, Inc., Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 364 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	TENT NO.			KIND		DATE	AP	PLICATION	NO.			DATE
WO	9118901			A1			WO	1991-JP75				
	RW: AT	, BE,	CH,	DE,	DK.	, ES, FR,	GB, G	R, IT, LU,	NL,	SE		
								1991-2064				19910605
CA	2064853			C		19990824						
AU	9179526			<b>A1</b>		19911231	AU	1991-7952	6			19910605
						19931209						
								1991-9114	88			19910605
						19970312						
								R, IT, LI,				
								1996-1075				
	R: AT,	, BE,	CH,	DE,	OK,	, ES, FR,	GB, G	R, IT, LI,	LU,	NL,	S	E
ES	2098357			T3		19970501	ES	1991-9114	88			19910605
								1991-5101				
US	5244904			A		19930914	US	1992-8288	89			19920129
NO	9200463			A		19920403	NO	1992-463				19920204
US	5539119			Α		19960723	US	1993-3652	1			19930324
PRIORITY	APPLN.	INFO	. :					1990-1481				
								1990-3354				19901129
								1991-9114				
								1991-JP75				
OTHER SO	URCE(S):	:		MARP	AΤ	116:2555		1992-8288	69		ΑI	19920129

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 116:255598

AB Title compds. [I; R1 = alkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, cycloalkenylalkyl, aralkyl, trans-alkenyl, aryl, furan-2-ylalkyl, thien-2-ylalkyl, vinyloxycarbonyl, trichloroethoxycarbonyl, alkanoyl, aralkylcarbonyl, 2-furoyl, thiophene-2-carbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, alkenylcarbonyl, anisoyl; R2 = H, alkyl, benzyl, alkanoyl; R3 = H, F, Cl, Br, NO2, alkyl; R4 = H, alkyl, benzyl, Ph; R5 = H, OH, alkanoyloxy; including (+), (-), and  $(\pm)$ forms], also useful as immunosuppressants, are prepared Thus, 161 mg 2-methyl- $4a\alpha$ -(3-methoxyphenyl)-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a $\beta$ decahydroisoquinoline and 0.064 mL PhNHNH2 were dissolved in EtOH, refluxed, thereto 0.383 mL MeSO3H was added, and refluxing was continued for addnl. 1 h with stirring to give, after work-up and purification by silica gel chromatog., 150 mg I (R1 = R2 = Me, R3 - R5 = H). I (R1 = cyclopropylmethyl, R2 - R5 = H) in vitro showed affinity to  $\delta$ -opioid receptor in homogenized guinea pig's brain with binding constant Ki = 3.50 nM, and exhibited twice the  $\delta$ -opioid receptor-binding selectivity than that of natrindole.

IT 141475-57-2P 141475-60-7P 141475-63-0P 141475-66-3P 141475-69-6P 141475-72-1P 141475-75-4P 141475-77-6P 141475-82-3P 141475-88-9P 141475-93-6P 141475-98-1P 141476-02-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as  $\delta$ -opioid receptor antagonist)

Ι

RN 141475-57-2 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 3-(1,2,3,4,5,6,11,11a-octahydro-2-methyl-4aH-pyrido[4,3-b]carbazol-4a-yl)-, trans-, monomethanesulfonate (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 147376-98-5 CMF C22 H24 N2 O

Relative stereochemistry.

ANSWER 21 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:574658 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:174658

TITLE: Immunosuppressant and process for preparing the same

Nagase, Hiroshi; Kawai, Koji; Matsumoto, Shu; Endoh, INVENTOR(S):

Takashi; Katsura, Yoshiaki; Arakawa, Kohei Toray Industries, Inc., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

			APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9107966	A1	19910613	WO 1990-JP1541	19901128
W: AU, CA,	FI, KR, NO	, US		
			GB, GR, IT, LU, NL, SE	
			JP 1990-327453	
JP 2906654	B2	19990621		
CA 2045481	AA	19910529	CA 1990-2045481	19901128
CA 2045481	C	19951114		
AU 9168768	A1	19910626	AU 1991-68768	19901128
AU 639053				
EP 456833	A1	19911121	EP 1990-917694	19901128
EP 456833	B1	19950301		
R: AT, BE,	CH, DE, DK	, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	, SE
ES 2069100	Т3	19950501	ES 1990-917694	19901128
NO 9102940	A	19910729	NO 1991-2940	19910729
US 5332818	A	19940726	US 1993-34669	19930322
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO			JP 1989-308491	A 19891128
			JP 1989-322160	A 19891211
			JP 1989-326941	A 19891215
			WO 1990-JP1541	A 19901128
			US 1991-721639	B1 19910726
OMITED COIDER (C)	MADDAM	335 35465	- ^	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 115:174658

AB Immunosuppressant activities are shown by  $\delta$ -opioid antagonists I [R1 = C1-5 alkyl, C3-6 cycloalkylalkyl, C5-7 cycloalkenylalkyl, etc.; R2 = H, OH, C1-5 alkanoyloxy; R3 = H, C1-5 alkyl, C1-5 alkanoyl; X = O, S, YN (Y = H, C1-5 alkyl); R4, R5 = H, F, Cl, Br, NH2, NO2, etc.]. Thus, naloxone-HCl and phenylhydrazine were dissolved in EtOH and treated with methanesulfonate to give a naloxyindolemethanesulfonate salt. The inhibitory activities of 24 I compds. on the growth and differentiation of mouse spleen cells in vitro were demonstrated.

IT 136457-59-5

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(immunosuppressant preparation with)

RN 136457-59-5 CAPLUS

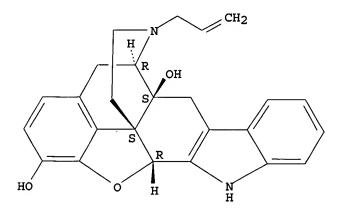
CN 4,8-Methanobenzofuro[2,3-a]pyrido[4,3-b]carbazole-1,8a(9H)-diol,
5,6,7,8,14,14b-hexahydro-7-(2-propenyl)-, [8R(4bS\*,8α,8aβ,14bβ)]-, monomethanesulfonate (salt) (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Ι

CM 1

CRN 126580-45-8 CMF C25 H24 N2 O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

ANSWER 22 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:400151 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:151

TITLE: The rat biliary and urinary metabolism of the

N6-methylated derivative of elliptinium acetate, an

antitumor agent

AUTHOR (S):

Braham, Y.; Meunier, G.; Meunier, B. Lab. Pharmacol. Toxicol. Fondam., Cent. Natl. Rech. Sci., Toulouse, 31077, Fr. CORPORATE SOURCE:

Ι

Drug Metabolism and Disposition (1988), 16(2), 316-21 SOURCE:

CODEN: DMDSAI; ISSN: 0090-9556

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI

AB The rat biliary and urinary metabolism of N2,N6-dimethyl-9hydroxyellipticinium acetate (I) (an N6-Me derivative of elliptinium acetate, an antitumor agent) is reported. Two main metabolites were identified: the glucuronide and sulfate derivs. by conjugation of the OH group at position 9. Excretion profiles in bile and urine are also given. No metabolite corresponding to a demethylation at the indole N was identified. The evidence for an increased concentration of GSSG in bile during the drug excretion supports the hypothesis of an oxidative metabolism of this drug in rat liver.

IT 114669-72-6

RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)

(formation of, as dimethylhydroxyelliptinicum acetate metabolite)

RN 114669-72-6 CAPLUS

CN 6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 2,5,6,11-tetramethyl-9-(sulfooxy)-, acetate (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 114669-71-5 CMF C19 H19 N2 O4 S

CRN 71-50-1 CMF C2 H3 O2

L6 ANSWER 23 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1988:215753 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

108:215753

TITLE:

Hemoglobin-catalyzed transformation of elliptinium acetate into electrophilic species. Evidences for

oxidative activation of the drug in human red blood

cells

AUTHOR(S):

Ha, Tam; Bernadou, Jean; Voisin, Emmanuelle; Auclair,

Christian; Meunier, Bernard

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Lab. Pharmacol. Toxicol. Fondam., CNRS, Toulouse,

31077, Fr.

SOURCE:

Chemico-Biological Interactions (1988), 65(1), 73-84

CODEN: CBINA8; ISSN: 0009-2797

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

GI

AB In the presence of H2O2 or an organic peroxide like tert-butylhydroperoxide, Hb showed a peroxidase activity toward elliptinium acetate (I), leading to the formation of N2-methyl-9-oxoellipticinium and N2-methyl-9,10-dioxoellipticinium. In the presence of H2O2 or tert-butylhydroperoxide and various N- or S-containing amino acids (alanine, histidine, aspartic acid, cysteine, or glutathione) and Hb, adducts of the amino acids with I were formed. In human red blood cells incubated with I, the formation of the I-glutathione adduct was observed. Thus, red blood cells might be a relevant site for the bioactivation of I and Hb might be responsible for such a

Ι

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ &$$

CRN 71-50-1 CMF C2 H3 O2

L6 ANSWER 24 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1988:160852 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

108:160852

TITLE:

Synthesis of deuterium-labeled elliptinium and its use

in metabolic studies

AUTHOR (S):

Gouyette, Alain

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Pharmacol. Clin., Inst. Gustave-Roussy, Villejuif,

94805, Fr.

SOURCE:

Biomedical & Environmental Mass Spectrometry (1988),

)

15(5), 243-7

CODEN: BEMSEN; ISSN: 0887-6134 Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 108:160852

GI

AB 9-Hydroxy-2-(U-2H3)methylellipticinium acetate (elliptinium) (I) was synthesized with an isotopic purity of ≥96%. The structure was confirmed by proton NMR and direct probe fast atom bombardment mass

Ι

CRN 71-50-1 C2 H3 O2 CMF

ANSWER 25 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1988:31236 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

108:31236

TITLE:

Isolation and characterization of the

AUTHOR (S):

glutathione-elliptinium conjugate in human urine

Gouyette, Alain; Voisin, Emmanuelle; Auclair,

Christian; Paoletti, Claude

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Serv. Pharmacol. Clin., Inst. Gustave-Roussy,

Villejuif, 94800, Fr.

SOURCE:

Anticancer Research (1987), 7(4B), 823-7

CODEN: ANTRD4; ISSN: 0250-7005

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

GΙ

AB In a cancer patient given 100 mg/m2 elliptinium (I) by i.v. infusion, the glutathione conjugate was found in the urine. This metabolite was isolated after ion-exchange treatment and HPLC. Its structure was assessed by fast-atom bombardment mass spectrometry and comparison with an authentic sample.

IT 89035-89-2

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(as elliptinium metabolite, in neoplasm in humans)

Ι

RN 89035-89-2 CAPLUS CN Glycine, N-[N-L-γ-glutamyl-S-(9-hydroxy-2,5,11-trimethyl-6Hpyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium-10-yl)-L-cysteinyl]-, acetate (salt) (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 87955-22-4 CMF C28 H32 N5 O7 S

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me 
$$\stackrel{\text{Me}}{\underset{\text{Me}}{\longrightarrow}}$$
  $\stackrel{\text{Me}}{\underset{\text{Me}}{\longrightarrow}}$   $\stackrel{\text{Me}}{\underset{\text{Me}}{\longrightarrow}}$   $\stackrel{\text{NH}_2}{\underset{\text{NH}}{\longrightarrow}}$   $\stackrel{\text{NH}_2}{\underset{\text{NH}}{\longrightarrow}}$ 

CM 2

CRN 71-50-1 CMF C2 H3 O2

L6 ANSWER 26 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1988:15726 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

108:15726

TITLE:

Oxidative biotransformation of the antitumor agent

elliptinium acetate: structural characterization of

its human and rat urinary metabolites

AUTHOR (S):

Monsarrat, B.; Maftouh, M.; Meunier, G.; Bernadou, J.;

Armand, J. P.; Paoletti, C.; Meunier, B.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Lab. Pharmacol. Toxicol. Fondam., CNRS, Toulouse,

31400, Fr.

SOURCE:

Journal of Pharmaceutical and Biomedical Analysis

(1987), 5(4), 341-51

CODEN: JPBADA; ISSN: 0731-7085

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

AGE: English
The electrophilic properties

AB The electrophilic properties of the antitumor drug N2-methyl-9-hydroxyellipticinium acetate were revealed by the detection of thiol-conjugate metabolites in human and rat urine. In addition to the unchanged drug and its glucuronide, the cysteinyl (in man) and the N-acetylcysteinyl (in man and rat) conjugates were characterized by NMR, UV, and mass-spectral data. The urinary excretion profile shows total excreted products of 21% (in man) and 9% (in rat) with respect to the administered dose. The unchanged drug was the major excreted compound in

the urine in both species (17% in man, 6.3% in rat), whereas the glucuronide (2.6% in man, 1.5% in rat), cysteinyl (1.3% in man), and N-acetylcysteinyl (0.2% in man, 1.2% in rat) conjugates represented the minor excreted compds. The presence of the latter thiol conjugates provides indirect proof of the in vivo generation of an oxidized intermediate form of the administered drug.

IT 111955-08-9 111955-09-0

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(as elliptinium acetate metabolite, in urine of humans and laboratory animals)

RN 111955-08-9 CAPLUS

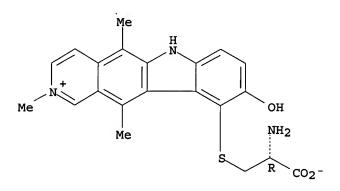
CN 6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 10-[[2-(acetylamino)-2-carboxyethyl]thio]-9-hydroxy-2,5,11-trimethyl-, inner salt, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 111955-09-0 CAPLUS

CN 6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 10-[(2-amino-2-carboxyethyl)thio]-9-hydroxy-2,5,11-trimethyl-, inner salt, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## Absolute stereochemistry.



ANSWER 27 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:556361 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:156361

TITLE: Peroxidase-catalyzed O-demethylation reactions.

Quinone-imine formation from 9-methoxyellipticine

derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Meunier, Gerard; Meunier, Bernard

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Pharmacol. Toxicol. Fondam., Cent. Natl. Rech.

Sci., Toulouse, 31400, Fr.

SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (1985), 260(19),

10576-82

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

A peroxidase system (horseradish peroxidase and H2O2) is able to effect the O-demethylation of the cytotoxic agents, 9-methoxyellipticine and N2-methyl-9-methoxyellipticinium acetate. The reaction leads directly to the formation of the corresponding quinone-imine derivs. with the comcomitant formation of 1 mol. of MeOH/mol. of methoxy compound One H2O2 mol. is consumed during the process. Expts. in H2180-enriched H2O clearly indicate that 180 is nearly quant. incorporated in the carbonyl group of the generated quinone-imine compound with the concomitant elimination of the OMe group as MeOH. This peroxidase-catalyzed apparent O-demethylation implies an oxidative demethoxylation step. The reaction exhibits normal Michaelis-Menten saturation kinetics. Like the 9-hydroxylated ellipticines, both the 9-methoxylated ellipticines show a good affinity for the peroxidase itself (Km .apprx. 10  $\mu M$ ) but are slowly transferred to the corresponding quinone-imines. The Vmax values for methoxylated ellipticines are 10-1-10-3 lower than those for hydroxylated compds. new route for the in vitro formation of electrophilic derivs. from the cytotoxic 9-methoxyellipticine and N2-methyl-9-methoxyellipticinium might be considered as a novel possible metabolic pathway for these drugs, especially if the bio-oxidative alkylation process previously described for at least 1 of the corresponding hydroxylated ellipticine derivs. is considered.

IT 89683-38-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, from methyloxoellipticinium)

RN 89683-38-5 CAPLUS

CN 6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 10-[[2-(acetylamino)-2-carboxyethyl]thio]-9-hydroxy-2,5,11-trimethyl-, (R)-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 89683-37-4 CMF C23 H24 N3 O4 S

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P CCI CCS

1.6 ANSWER 28 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1985:178678 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

102:178678

TITLE:

Metabolism of the antitumor drug N2-methyl-9-

hydroxyellipticinium acetate in isolated rat kidney

cells

AUTHOR (S):

Maftouh, M.; Amiar, Y.; Picard-Fraire, C.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Metab. Pharmacocinet., Sanofi Rech., Toulouse,

31035, Fr.

SOURCE:

Biochemical Pharmacology (1985), 34(3), 427-8

CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Journal

Ι

English

GT

AB Four metabolites, 9-(0)-glucuronide- [87940-12-3], 10-(S)-glutathione- [ 89035-99-4], 10-(S)-cysteine- [96047-80-2], and 10-(S)-N-acetylcysteine- [96084-08-1] conjugates, of the title drug (I) [58337-35-2] were identified following incubation of I in rat kidney cell culture. The major metabolite formed was the N-acetylcysteine conjugate. The glutathione conjugate of I has been reported to be present in rat bile, whereas no cysteine or N-acetylcysteine conjugates were found in the bile. By contrast, only the latter conjugates were recovered from rat and human urine (earlier report). Thus, it appears that the urinary cysteine and N-acetylcysteine conjugates of I are cascade metabolites of a glutathione conjugate formed in the liver or kidney. The I-sulfhydryl metabolites indicates oxidative activation of I into an electrophilic intermediate in the kidney which may be responsible for the antitumor and nephrotoxic action of I. TΤ

89035-99-4 96047-80-2 96084-08-1

RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)

(formation of, as methylhydroxyellipticinium metabolite in kidney)

RN 89035-99-4 CAPLUS

Glycine, N-[N-L- $\gamma$ -glutamyl-S-(9-hydroxy-1,2,5-trimethyl-6H-CN pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium-10-yl)-L-cysteinyl]-, acetate (salt) (9CI) INDEX NAME)

96084-08-1 CAPLUS RN

6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 10-[[2-(acetylamino)-2-carboxyethyl]thio]-9-CN hydroxy-2,5,11-trimethyl-, acetate (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM-

CRN 86296-88-0 C23 H24 N3 O4 S CMF

CM 2

CRN 71-50-1 CMF C2 H3 O2

ANSWER 29 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1985:72406 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

102:72406

TITLE:

[3H] Ro 22-1319 (piquindone) binds to the D2

dopaminergic receptor subtype in a sodium-dependent

manner

AUTHOR (S):

Nakajima, Tohru; Iwata, Kumiko

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Pharmacol., Nippon Roche Res. Cent., Kajiwara,

247, Japan

SOURCE:

Molecular Pharmacology (1984), 26(3), 430-8

CODEN: MOPMA3; ISSN: 0026-895X

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

GI

AB The specific binding of 3H-labeled Ro 22-1319 (I) [78541-97-6] to the rat striatal homogenates was examined The binding of [3H]Ro 22-1319 was critically dependent on the presence of Na+ in the incubation medium. There appeared to be a single saturable binding component for [3H]Ro 22-1319 with a high affinity. The binding sites showed a stereochem. specificity for (-)-Ro 22-1319 [78420-92-5], (+)-butaclamol [56245-67-1], (α)-flupenthixol [53772-82-0]. Ro 22-1319 and 3 D2 antagonistic antipsychotics (sulpiride [15676-16-1], metoclopramide [364-62-5], and molindone [7416-34-4]) exerted a more potent inhibition of [3H]Ro 22-1319 binding than of 3H-labeled spiroperidol [749-02-0] binding, whereas other classical antipsychotics were almost equipotent at both binding sites. The requirement for Na+ detect Ro 22-1319 binding was also verified by the use of [3H]spiroperidol binding. The competition curves of Ro 22-1319, sulpiride, metoclopramide, and molindone for [3H]spiroperidol binding were shifted to the right by the omission of Na+ in the incubation medium, whereas spiroperidol, chlorpromazine [50-53-3], and domperidone [57808-66-9] were equiactive under both conditions. These results suggest that Ro 22-1319 has a sulpiride-like property and binds to a D2 dopaminergic receptor subtype in a Na+-dependent manner. Nineteen pyrroloisoquinoline derivs. were also tested for their inhibitory effects on [3H]Ro 22-1319 and [3H]spiroperidol binding. An interesting finding was that small changes in chemical structure modulated the potency at D2 dopaminergic receptor subtypes. Thus, the compds. having a nonlipophilic functional group on the basic nitrogen (Ro 22-1319, Ro [78415-93-7], etc.) showed a stronger potency at [3H]Ro 22-1319 receptors whereas the compds. having a lipophilic group (Ro 22-6600 [87255-45-6], etc.) were nonselective antagonists at both [3H]Ro 22-1319and [3H] spiroperidol-binding sites. However, all pyrroloisoquinoline derivs., including Ro 22-6600, showed a Na+ dependency for [3H] spiroperidol-binding sites, indicating that the functional moiety which displays a Na+ dependency may be the pyrroloisoquinoline moiety itself.

IT 87255-41-2

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(dopaminergic receptors interaction with, in brain striatum)

RN 87255-41-2 CAPLUS

CN 4H-Pyrrolo[2,3-g]isoquinolin-4-one, 3-ethyl-1,4a,5,6,7,8,8a,9-octahydro-2-methyl-6-[2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 30 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:156585 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:156585

TITLE: Ellipticine derivatives and their antitumoral activity

INVENTOR(S): Auclair, Christian; Bernadou, Jean Emile Joachim;

Cier, Andre; Meunier, Gerard Andre; Meunier, Bernard;

Paoletti, Claude

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sanofi, Fr.

SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 23 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PA	<b>TENT</b>	NO.			KINI	)	DATE	}		API	PLICAT	ION N	ю.		DATE	
							-								_		-
	FR	2527	209			<b>A1</b>		1983	1125		FR	1982-	9307			1982052	4
	FR	2527	209			B1		1985	0215								
	ΕP	9707	0			A2		1983	1228		ΕP	1983-	40100	1		1983051	9
	EΡ	9707	0			A3		1984	8080								
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	FR	GB,	IT,	LI,	LU	J, NL,	SE				
	CA	1212	114			A1		1986	0930		CA	1983-	42862	4		1983052	0
	JΡ	5822	2087			A2		1983	1223		JP	1983-	91389	)		1983052	4
PRIOR	IT:	APP	LN.	INFO	. :						FR	1982-	9307		Α	1982052	4
OTHER SOURCE(S):						CASI	REA	CT 10	0:15	6585	; N	MARPAT	100:	156585			

GΙ

AB Ellipticinium compds. I (R = alkyl, hydroxyethyl, dialkylaminoalkyl; R1 = amino acid residue, nucleoside residue; X = mineral acid anion, organic acid anion) were prepared and they showed anti-tumor activity.

2-Methyl-9-hydroxyellipticinium acetate was treated with leucine, horse radish peroxidase, and H2O2 to give I [R = Me, R1 = N:C(CO2H)CH2CHMe2, X = OAc]. Similarly, cysteine Me ester gave I [R = Me, R1 = SCH2CH(NH2)CO2Me, X = PF6].

IT 89683-36-3P 89683-38-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and anti-tumor activity of)

I

RN 89683-36-3 CAPLUS

CN 6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 10-[(2-amino-3-methoxy-3-oxopropyl)thio]-9-hydroxy-2,5,11-trimethyl-, (R)-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 89683-35-2 CMF C22 H24 N3 O3 S

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM2

CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P CCI CCS

RN

89683-38-5 CAPLUS
6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 10-[[2-(acetylamino)-2-carboxyethyl]thio]-9hydroxy-2,5,11-trimethyl-, (R)-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME)

CM 1 .

CRN 89683-37-4 CMF C23 H24 N3 O4 S

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM

CRN 16919-18-9

F6 P CMF CCI CCS

ANSWER 31 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:114511 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

100:114511

TITLE:

Identification of the glucuronide and glutathione

conjugates of the antitumor drug N2-methyl-9-

hydroxyellipticinium acetate (Celiptium). Comparative disposition of this drug with its olivacinium isomer

in rat bile

AUTHOR(S):

Maftouh, Mohamed; Monsarrat, Bernard; Rao, Renee C.;

Meunier, Bernard; Paoletti, Claude

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Lab. Pharmacol. Toxicol. Fondam., CNRS, Toulouse,

31400, Fr.

SOURCE:

Drug Metabolism and Disposition (1984), 12(1), 111-19

CODEN: DMDSAI; ISSN: 0090-9556

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal LANGUAGE: English

GI

AB

I

INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 87955-24-6

CMF C28 H32 N5 O7 S

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 71-50-1 CMF C2 H3 O2

-0-C-CH3

ANSWER 32 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1984:114488 CAPLUS

100:114488

TITLE:

Human and rat urinary metabolites of the antitumor drug Celiptium (N2-methyl-9-hydroxyellipticinium acetate, NSC 264137). Identification of cysteine conjugates supporting the "biooxidative alkylation"

hypothesis

AUTHOR (S):

Monsarrat, Bernard; Maftouh, Mohamed; Meunier, Gerard; Dugue, Bernard; Bernadou, Jean; Armand, Jean Pierre; Picard-Fraire, Claudine; Meunier, Bernard; Paoletti, Claude

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Lab. Pharmacol. Toxicol. Fondam., CNRS, Toulouse,

31400, Fr.

SOURCE:

Biochemical Pharmacology (1983), 32(24), 3887-90

CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE: GI

ΙT

AB After i.v. administration of NSC 264137,(I) [58337-35-2] to rats (10 mg/kg), unchanged I, the 9-(o)-glucuronide [87940-09-8] and the N-acetylcysteine derivs. [86296-88-0] were identified by liquid chromatog. in the urine. I infusion in humans yielded all of the above I metabolites along with a 10-(S)-cysteine conjugate [86296-84-6]. Thus, biooxidative alkylation may play a role in the metabolism of I, and may explain in part the cytotoxicity of this antitumor agent.

Ι

86296-84-6 86296-88-0
RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)
 (formation of, as hydroxyellipticinium metabolite, in humans and laboratory animals)

RN 86296-84-6 CAPLUS

CN 6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 10-[(2-amino-2-carboxyethyl)thio]-9-hydroxy-2,5,11-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 86296-88-0 CAPLUS

CN 6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 10-[[2-(acetylamino)-2-carboxyethyl]thio]-9-hydroxy-2,5,11-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 33 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

1983:569049 CAPLUS

99:169049

Conformationally defined pyrroloisoquinoline antipsychotics. Implications for the mode of

interaction of antipsychotic drugs with the dopamine

AUTHOR (S): Olson, G. L.; Cheung, H. C.; Chiang, E.; Berger, L.

Ι

CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Res. Dep., Hoffmann-La Roche Inc., Nutley, NJ,

07110, USA

SOURCE: ACS Symposium Series (1983), 224 (Dopamine Recept.),

251-74

CODEN: ACSMC8; ISSN: 0097-6156

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal LANGUAGE: English

GI

AB Pyrrolo- and cycloalka[4,5]pyrrolo[2,3-g]isoquinoline ring systems were designed on the basis of a hypothetical model of the interaction of antipsychotic drugs with the dopamine receptor. The prototype, Ro 22-1319 (I), is a potent, selective D2 dopamine receptor antagonist which exhibits potent antipsychotic-like activity in animal tests and is being evaluated clin. A series of analogs was synthesized to probe the effects of substituents and ring size on pharmacol. activity and receptor binding. Introducing bulky groups at the 2- and 3-positions, or increasing ring size in the cycloalka analogs, diminishes activity, revealing a steric barrier near the 2-position. A wide range of substituents on the basic N are consistent with pharmacol. activity, but only compds. having lipophilic substituents are proportionally potent in [3H]spiroperidol binding. The results suggest that interactions of the N substituent with the auxiliary binding site identified in the model modulates the activity between D1 and D2 dopamine receptors.

IT 87255-41-2

> RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(antipsychotic activity of, dopamine receptor binding in relation to)

RN 87255-41-2 CAPLUS

CN 4H-Pyrrolo[2,3-g]isoquinolin-4-one, 3-ethyl-1,4a,5,6,7,8,8a,9-octahydro-2methyl-6-[2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

ANSWER 34 OF 34 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:438688 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

99:38688

TITLE:

Unexpected regiospecific alkylation of the antitumor agent N2-methyl-9-hydroxyellipticinium acetate with N,

O, or S donors

AUTHOR(S): Meunier, Gerard; Meunier, Bernard; Auclair, Christian;

Bernadou, Jean; Paoletti, Claude

Lab. Pharmacol. Toxicol. Fondam., Toulouse, 31400, Fr. CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

Tetrahedron Letters (1983), 24(4), 365-8

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Journal English

GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

Substitution reaction of the quinone-imine derivative I, prepared in situ by AB biochem. oxidation of hydroxyellipticine II, with pyridine and HSCH2CH(NHR1)CO2R (R = H, Me, R1 = H; R = H, R1 = Ac) gave 30-40% of the corresponding pyridine derivative III and cysteine adducts IV,

regiospecifically. Oxidation of II by mol. O in MeOH containing CuCl and a small

amount of pyridine followed by treatment with NH4PF6 gave 75% quinone-imine derivative V. The cytotoxicity of III-V are reported.

IT 86296-87-9P 86296-89-1P

> RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and cytotoxicity of)

RN86296-87-9 CAPLUS

6H-Pyrido[4,3-b]carbazolium, 10-[(2-amino-3-methoxy-3-oxopropyl)thio]-9-CNhydroxy-2,5,11-trimethyl-, hexafluorophosphate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 86296-86-8 CMF C22 H24 N3 O3 S

CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9

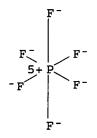
CMF F6 P

CCI CCS

CMF C21 H22 N3 O3 S

CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P CCI CCS



=> d his

L1

L6

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:23:56 ON 04 AUG 2006)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:24:16 ON 04 AUG 2006 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 17 S L1

L3 1418863 S 4-7/NR AND 2-6/N AND 1-4/O AND 0-2/S

L4 8 S L1 SAM SUB=L3 L5 91 S L1 FULL SUB=L3

> FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:28:42 ON 04 AUG 2006 34 S L5

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

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